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## SENATE BILL 5735

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State of Washington

61st Legislature

2009 Regular Session

conservation

and

By Senators Rockefeller, Hargrove, Jacobsen, Ranker, Fraser, Keiser, Jarrett, Franklin, Shin, Kohl-Welles, Regala, McAuliffe, and Kline; by request of Governor Gregoire

Read first time 01/29/09. Referred to Committee on Environment, Water & Energy.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to reducing greenhouse gas emissions; amending RCW
- 2 70.235.005, 70.235.010, 70.235.030, 70.94.151, and 43.21B.110; adding
- 3 new sections to chapter 70.235 RCW; creating a new section; prescribing
- 4 penalties; and providing expiration dates.

international

- 5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 6 **Sec. 1.** RCW 70.235.005 and 2008 c 14 s 1 are each amended to read 7 as follows:
  - (1) $\underline{(a)}$  The legislature finds that Washington has long been a

leader

on

energy

- 10 environmental stewardship, including air quality protection, renewable
- 11 energy development and generation, emission standards for fossil-fuel
- 12 based energy generation, energy efficiency programs, natural resource
- 13 conservation, vehicle emission standards, and the use of biofuels.
- 14 Washington is also unique among most states in that in addition to its
- 15 commitment to reduce emissions of greenhouse gases, it has established
- 16 goals to grow (( $\frac{\text{the}}{\text{o}}$ )) clean energy (( $\frac{\text{sector}}{\text{o}}$ ))  $\frac{\text{jobs}}{\text{obs}}$  and reduce the
- 17 state's expenditures on imported fuels.

and

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national

- 18 ((<del>2) The legislature further finds that Washington should continue</del>
- 19 its leadership on climate change policy by creating accountability for

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achieving the emission reductions established in RCW 70.235.020, participating in the design of a regional multisector market-based system to help achieve those emission reductions, assessing other market strategies to reduce emissions of greenhouse gases, and ensuring the state has a well trained workforce for our clean energy future.

- (3))) (b) It is the intent of the legislature that the state will:
- $((\frac{a}{a}))$  <u>(i)</u> Limit and reduce emissions of greenhouse gases consistent with the emission reductions established in RCW 70.235.020;
- $((\frac{b}{b}))$  (ii) Minimize the potential to export pollution, jobs, and economic opportunities; and
- (((c))) (iii) Reduce emissions at the lowest cost to Washington's economy, consumers, and businesses.
- (((4) In the event the state elects to participate in a regional multisector market based system, it is the intent of the legislature that the system will become effective by January 1, 2012, after authority is provided to the department for its implementation.)) (2) The legislature finds that acting now provides Washington businesses with predictability, drives investment in the new clean energy economy, creates jobs, positions Washington business to receive credit for early reductions of greenhouse gases, and ensures that Washington citizens' interests in the development of any federal cap-and-trade program. By acting now, Washington businesses and citizens will have adequate time and opportunities to be well positioned to take advantage of the low-carbon economy by developing a well-trained workforce and to make necessary investments in low-carbon technology.
- (3) The legislature also finds that acting now will unleash the creativity of Washingtonians in developing the technologies to reduce greenhouse gas emissions, technologies that will be needed throughout the world as all nations seek to combat climate change, which will provide Washington with a competitive advantage over states that choose to not act to reduce greenhouse gas emissions.
- (4) The legislature recognizes that the same actions and technologies that will reduce greenhouse gas emissions will also reduce our use of fossil fuels, keeping some of the nine billion six hundred million dollars the state spends each year on importing these fuels in our state for local investments and job creation.
- (5) The legislature finds that in order to meet the job creation goals established in this section and the greenhouse gas emission

reductions established in RCW 70.235.020, a firm limit on greenhouse
gas emissions is necessary. It is therefore the intent of the
legislature that Washington participate in the regional cap-and-trade
program.

- (6)(a) The legislature also recognizes the importance of linking to or participating in a federal cap-and-trade program when one is implemented.
- (b) It is also the intent of the legislature that the ((regional multisector market-based system)) federal cap-and-trade program recognize Washington's unique emissions portfolio, including the state's hydroelectric system, the opportunities presented by Washington's abundant forest resources and agriculture land, ((and)) the state's leadership in energy efficiency and the actions it has already taken that have reduced its generation of greenhouse gas emissions, and that entities receive appropriate credit for early actions to reduce greenhouse gases.
- (((6) If)) (7) Any revenues that accrue to the state ((are created by a market system, they)) by the regional cap-and-trade program must be used to further the state's efforts to achieve the ((goals)) emission reduction requirements established in RCW 70.235.020, protect low and moderate income consumers, address the impacts of global warming on affected habitats, species, and communities, and increase investment in the clean energy economy in a way that ensures the new, clean energy economy is one with widely shared prosperity particularly for communities and workers that have ((suffered from heavy job losses and chronic unemployment and underemployment)) been disproportionately affected by economic downturns.
- (8) The legislature finds that a well-functioning market is the least-costly path to achieving the state's statutory greenhouse gas reductions and that the market must be designed to prevent manipulation and avoid excessive speculation.
- (9) The legislature further finds that climate change impacts are visible and the economic effects are becoming apparent with longer fire seasons, shrinking glaciers, decreased snow pack, extreme precipitation events, and more frequent droughts.
- **Sec. 2.** RCW 70.235.010 and 2008 c 14 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

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1 The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter 2 unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

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- (1) "Allowance" means a limited authorization, issued by a jurisdiction participating in the regional cap-and-trade program or otherwise recognized by the department as having as rigorous a greenhouse gas cap-and-trade program, to emit up to one metric ton of a greenhouse gas as measured in carbon dioxide equivalents. An "allowance" is not a property right.
- 9 (2) "Allowance cap" means Washington's share of allowances from the
  10 total number of allowances available to the jurisdictions participating
  11 in the regional cap-and-trade program.
- 12 <u>(3) "Banking" means the carryover of unused allowances or offsets</u>
  13 <u>from one compliance period to another.</u>
- 14 <u>(4) "Borrowing" means using allowances from a future compliance</u> 15 period to meet a current compliance obligation.
- (5) "Capped region" means a jurisdiction, including Washington,
  that is participating in the regional cap-and-trade program, and
  jurisdictions in other governmental-approved cap-and-trade programs,
  that link to the regional cap-and-trade program.
  - (6) "Carbon dioxide equivalents" means a ((metric)) measure used to compare the emissions from various greenhouse gases based upon their global warming potential.
- 23  $((\frac{(2)}{(2)}))$  "Climate advisory team" means the stakeholder group 24 formed in response to executive order 07-02.
  - ((+3))) (8) "Climate impacts group" means the University of Washington's climate impacts group.
- 27 ((<del>(4)</del>)) <u>(9) "Compliance obligation" means the requirement to turn</u>
  28 <u>in to the department the number of allowances or offset credits equal</u>
  29 to the person's covered emissions during the compliance period.
- 30 (10) "Compliance period" means the time period during which 31 emissions subject to the compliance obligation are covered under the 32 program.
- (11) "Covered emissions" includes (a) direct emissions; (b) for transportation fuels and for residential, commercial, and industrial fuel combustion at facilities below the emission threshold for coverage, emissions from the combustion of those fuels that are sold in Washington for use in Washington; and (c) for electricity imported into

- 1 Washington, emissions associated with the out-of-state production of 2 electricity that is sold or furnished to end-use customers in 3 Washington.
  - (12) "Department" means the department of ecology.

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- $((\frac{5}{}))$  (13) "Direct emissions" means emissions of greenhouse gases from sources of emissions, including stationary combustion sources, mobile combustion emissions, process emissions, and fugitive emissions.
  - $((\frac{6}{}))$  (14) "Director" means the director of the department.
- 9 ((<del>(7)</del>)) (15) "Early reduction allowance" means an allowance for 10 reductions in greenhouse gas emissions that occur after January 1, 11 2008, and before January 1, 2012, and that are approved by the 12 department.
- 13 (16) "Emission threshold" means the greenhouse gas emission level 14 at or above which a person has a compliance obligation.
- 15 (17) "Forest carbon working group" means the stakeholder group
  16 formed by the departments of ecology and community, trade, and economic
  17 development to develop the recommendations required under RCW
  18 70.235.030(3)(g);
- 19 <u>(18)</u> "Greenhouse gas" and "greenhouse gases" includes carbon 20 dioxide, methane, nitrous oxide, hydrofluorocarbons, perfluorocarbons, 21 and sulfur hexafluoride.
- $((\frac{8}{}))$  <u>(19)</u> "Indirect emissions" means emissions of greenhouse gases associated with the purchase of electricity, heating, cooling, or steam.
  - ((<del>(9)</del>)) (20) "Offset project" means a project that reduces or removes greenhouse gases that meets the criteria established by the department and where the greenhouse gases would not otherwise be subject to coverage under the program.
- 29 (21) "Offset credit" means a credit that verifies and confirms the 30 reduction or removal of greenhouse gases by an offset project that can 31 be used to meet a compliance obligation.
- 32 (22) "Person" means an individual, partnership, franchise holder, 33 association, corporation, a state, a city, a county, or any subdivision 34 or instrumentality of the state.
- $((\frac{10}{10}))$  <u>(23) "Point of regulation" means the person with the</u> compliance obligation.
- 37 (24) "Program" means the ((department's climate change program.

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- 1 (11)) cap-and-trade program developed and implemented under this chapter.
- 3 (25) "Regional cap-and-trade program" means the cap-and-trade 4 program designed by the western climate initiative.
- 5 (26) "Retire" means to invalidate an allowance or offset credit 6 such that the allowance or offset credit may never be sold or otherwise 7 used again.
- 8 (27) "Terminal operator" means a person who owns, operates, or
  9 otherwise controls a terminal, as that term "terminal" is defined in
  10 RCW 82.36.010.
- 11 <u>(28)</u> "Total emissions of greenhouse gases" means all direct emissions and all indirect emissions.
- 13 (((<del>12)</del>)) (29) "Transportation fuel" means any carbon based fossil 14 fuel including combustible gas or liquid used for the propulsion of 15 equipment and vehicles.
- 16 (30) "Western climate initiative" means the collaboration of 17 states, Canadian provinces, Mexican states, and tribes to design a 18 multisector market-based mechanism as directed under the western 19 regional climate action initiative signed by the governor on February 20 22, 2007.
- NEW SECTION. 21 Sec. 3. REGIONAL CAP-AND-TRADE PROGRAM. The 22 department is authorized to meet the state's emission reductions 23 established in RCW 70.235.020 through the creation of an allowance trading program for covered emissions with allowances that are fungible 24 25 and tradable regionally, nationally, or internationally. The department may not implement a cap-and-trade program that covers only 26 27 Washington state.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. THRESHOLD FOR PARTICIPATION. The department may not implement a cap-and-trade program unless it either includes a majority of the covered emissions of the states and provinces participating in the western climate initiative as of January 2009, or is linked to other regional programs or a national program that cover the equivalent amount of emissions.
- 34 NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. LEGISLATIVE CONSULTATION. (1) A work group

on cap-and-trade is established. The work group consists of eleven members as follows:

- (a) The director of the department of ecology, who represents the governor and is chair of the work group;
- (b) One member from each of the two largest caucuses of the senate, appointed by the leader of their respective caucuses;
- (c) One member from each of the two largest caucuses of the house of representatives, appointed by the leader of their respective caucuses;
- (d) Six members from the public who must be selected by the members designated in (a) through (c) of this subsection by September 1, 2009.
- (2) The work group shall meet periodically to review the development of the regional cap-and-trade program and the department's rule making as authorized under section 19 of this act, including the recommendation regarding the distribution of allowances under section 8 of this act.
- 17 (3) The work group shall develop and provide a recommendation to 18 the governor by May 1, 2011, on the timing and terms of Washington's 19 participation in the regional cap-and-trade program.
  - (4) This section expires June 30, 2011.

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- NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. ANNUAL ALLOWANCE CAPS. (1) The program must include annual allowance caps that together with other complementary policies ensure that Washington will meet the emission reduction requirements in RCW 70.235.020.
  - (2) The allowance caps for each year from 2012 to 2020 must be set in advance of the program start in 2012. Allowance caps for each year after 2020 must be set at least three years in advance of the start of the next compliance period.
- 29 (3) The allowance caps shall decline an equal amount each year 30 until Washington's greenhouse gas emissions are reduced as required by 31 RCW 70.235.020.
  - (4) The allowance cap for 2012 must be set based on the department's best estimate of the expected actual emissions covered by the program in that year as adjusted by the reallocation provided for in subsection (7) of this section.
- 36 (5) The allowance cap for 2015 will be increased by the

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department's best estimate of expected new emissions to be included in the program in that year, after the annual reduction is made to the cap.

- (6) The allowance caps may not take into account the early reduction allowances authorized in section 7(6)(b) of this act.
- (7) Washington shall contribute one percent of its 2012 allowance cap into a pool. Washington's contribution together with the one percent contributions of the other jurisdictions participating in the regional cap-and-trade program must be reallocated among the participating jurisdictions based on a formula that takes into account the following factors:
- (a) Production and consumption of electricity megawatt hours within each jurisdiction participating in the regional cap-and-trade program;
- (b) Population growth within the jurisdictions participating in the regional cap-and-trade program; and
- (c) Washington's share of the total covered emissions from 2001 through 2005 from jurisdictions participating in the regional cap-and-trade program.
- (8) The allowance cap may also be adjusted as necessary to account for expansion of the capped region through linkage to other governmentally approved cap-and-trade programs, changes in coverage under the regional cap-and-trade program, or discovery of incorrect or inaccurate data used to determine the allowance cap.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. ISSUING AND RETIRING ALLOWANCES. (1) The department shall issue allowances that can be used to meet a compliance obligation under this chapter. Except for early reduction allowances, the number of allowances issued by the department may not exceed the allowance cap for any given year or compliance period. The department may retire allowances if it determines that its allowance cap exceeds the state's emissions that are covered by the program. The rules adopted by the department must include the process, including the data that will be used, by which this determination is made.
- (2) Upon receipt by the department of an allowance to meet a compliance obligation, the department shall retire the allowance.
- 35 (3) The department shall ensure that all allowances that it issues 36 are tracked so that the department knows who holds a given allowance 37 and when it is retired.

- (4) The department shall identify allowances it issues that are based upon emissions from electricity generation within the state and separately identify allowances issued for emissions from electricity generation located outside the state.
- (5) The department may accept any allowance to satisfy a compliance obligation as long as the allowances that are issued by a jurisdiction other than the state meet criteria established by the department by rule. However, the total number of allowances accepted from jurisdictions other than those participating in the regional cap-and-trade program may be limited as set forth by the department by rule.
- 11 (6) The department shall adopt rules to implement the program that 12 include:
  - (a) A schedule for distributing Washington's allowances;
- 14 (b) Criteria that are consistent with the regional cap-and-trade 15 program for qualifying for an early reduction allowance;
- 16 (c) A process for allowances to be banked, which may include 17 limitations on the number of allowances any one party may hold or 18 control; and
- 19 (d) Prohibitions on borrowing allowances.

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- NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. DISTRIBUTION OF ALLOWANCES. (1) The director shall convene a stakeholder group with equal representation of business and public interests to develop recommendations on how to distribute the state's allowances. The director shall ensure that statewide labor organizations are also represented. The stakeholders shall recommend to the director:
- 26 (a) Methodologies and processes by which to distribute Washington's 27 allowances, including the percentage of allowances that should be 28 auctioned;
- 29 (b) Actions the state should take to guard against manipulation of 30 the market;
- 31 (c) The amount of allowances from within the state's allowance cap 32 that should be set aside for specific purposes, such as for use in low 33 water years, if any; and
- (d) How to address any disparities in the distributional effects upon individual households, especially low and moderate income populations.

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- 1 (2) When developing the recommendations in subsection (1) of this 2 section, the work group shall consider the eventual transition to full 3 auctioning of allowances, and shall take into account the following 4 factors when considering the level of auctions to recommend, including 5 the potential timing of a transition to full auction:
  - (a) Competition faced by Washington industries that will be covered by the program where the competitors are not covered by a similar program, such as those who operate in international markets;
- 9 (b) The potential for emission leakage, including through shifts in production;
- 11 (c) The effect on Washington businesses that will be covered under 12 the program as compared to those that will not;
  - (d) The effect on Washington citizens;
- 14 (e) The impact on enhancing the transition to a clean energy 15 economy; and
  - (f) The strategic use of auction revenues.
- 17 (3) The department must consider the recommendations of the 18 stakeholder group formed under subsection (1) of this section when 19 adopting rules for the distribution of allowances.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 9. PROGRAM COVERAGE. (1) In 2012, the program must cover emissions that meet or exceed twenty-five thousand metric tons of carbon dioxide equivalents annually from:
  - (a) Electricity that is generated or consumed within the state. Consumption of electricity must be included only if it is required to participate in the regional cap-and-trade program and must be included consistent with the regional cap-and-trade program;
    - (b) Combustion at industrial and commercial facilities; and
  - (c) Industrial processes.

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- (2) In addition to the emissions covered in subsection (1) of this section, in 2015 the program must cover emissions that meet or exceed twenty-five thousand metric tons of carbon dioxide equivalents annually from:
  - (a) Transportation fuel combustion within the state;
  - (b) Residential fuel combustion within the state; and
- 35 (c) Fuel delivered or sold for industrial and commercial combustion 36 within the state where the fuel is used by persons not otherwise 37 covered by the program in 2012.

- (3) Except for purposes of reporting, the following carbon dioxide emissions are not covered by the program:
  - (a) Emissions from industrial combustion of biomass in the form of fuel wood, wood waste, wood by-products, and wood residuals as long as the region's silvicultural sequestration capacity is maintained or increased; and
  - (b) Emissions from the combustion of biofuels or the biofuel component of blended fuels as the term "biofuel" is defined in RCW 43.325.010.
    - (4) By rule, the department:

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- (a) Shall determine the person who has the compliance obligation for covered emissions. For emissions associated with the combustion of fuels that are included in the program for the first time in 2015, the person with the compliance obligation is either the terminal operator or the person who imports fuel into the state for delivery to a person other than a terminal operator for use in the state;
- (b) May expand the program to include emissions below the twenty-five thousand metric ton threshold or beyond the scope identified within subsections (1) and (2) of this section as necessary to ensure that the emissions covered by the program are consistent with the regional cap-and-trade program;
- (c) Shall include measures so that persons do not inappropriately avoid the emissions threshold for coverage.
  - (5) With respect to energy facilities covered under chapter 80.50 RCW and notwithstanding RCW 80.50.120, this chapter applies to all energy facilities as that term is defined in RCW 80.50.020. Nothing in this chapter may be construed as conflicting with chapter 80.50 RCW.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 10. ENSURING A FUNCTIONAL AND EFFICIENT MARKET.

## 29 (1) The department shall consult with other jurisdictions in the 30 western climate initiative, Washington state agencies with expertise on 31 markets, and other states and federal agencies that have designed or 32 implemented a market for regulating air pollutants to design a trading 33 market that includes provisions to prevent market manipulation and

- ensure a functional and efficient market. The design provisions must include:
- 36 (a) Requiring or conducting audits, investigations, and 37 surveillance of the market;

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- 1 (b) Actions to prohibit conflicts of interest between emitters, verifiers, monitors, auditors, investigators, or surveillance persons;
  - (c) Establishment of measures to address market emergencies;
  - (d) Prevention of fraud to the greatest extent possible;

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- (e) Prevention of speculators from unfairly affecting the price of allowances in the program to the greatest extent possible;
- (f) Issuance of orders, and penalties established by rule, sufficient to address market manipulation; and
- 9 (g) Other conditions or provisions necessary to prevent market 10 manipulation.
- 11 (2) The department shall provide a report to the legislature by 12 December 31, 2010, on the design of the market that includes an 13 explanation of how manipulation and excessive speculation will be 14 avoided.
- 15 (3) The department shall refer the most egregious violations to the 16 attorney general or the county prosecutor for consideration for 17 criminal prosecution or to federal authorities for federal prosecution.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 11. AUCTION DESIGN. (1) The department shall by rule develop the design for the auctioning of the state's allowances, including the establishment of a minimum or reserve bid price to facilitate price discovery. In developing the design, the department shall consult with other jurisdictions in the western climate initiative and other states and federal agencies that have been engaged in auctioning of allowances to regulate air pollutants.
  - (2) The auction design must be consistent with the regional capand-trade program and include the following:
  - (a) Elements that minimize allowance price volatility, guard against bidder collusion, and minimize the potential for market manipulation;
  - (b) Provisions to ensure that bidders are financially able to purchase allowances if they are the successful bidder;
  - (c) Provisions to limit the number of allowances any one party may purchase as necessary to help ensure that available allowances go to persons with a compliance obligation; and
- 35 (d) A flexible process that allows for ongoing modification of the 36 auction design and procedures in response to allowance market

conditions and allowance market monitoring data, provided that the process allows for public review and comment.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 12. OFFSETS. (1) The department shall by rule set criteria for issuing and accepting offset credits for offset projects to meet a person's compliance obligation and shall include a limitation on their use that is consistent with the limitation established by the regional cap-and-trade program. In developing the criteria for offset projects, priority must be given to investigating and developing criteria for offset projects within the forestry, agriculture, and waste management sectors. The department shall present the state's policy on forestry offset projects established under section 14 of this act as the state's position when developing the criteria for forestry offset projects within the regional cap-and-trade program.

- (2) The department may issue offset credits for offset projects located in Washington. The department may also issue offset credits for offset projects that are located in any jurisdiction in the United States, Mexico, and Canada that is outside the capped region. One offset credit must be issued for up to each metric ton of emissions as measured in carbon dioxide equivalent associated with an offset project.
- (3) Except as provided in this section, the department may accept offset credits for compliance purposes from other jurisdictions in the capped region as well as annex 1 countries from the United Nations framework convention on climate change. The department may not accept offset credits for an offset project that reduces, removes, or avoids emissions that, had they occurred within the capped region, would have been covered by the program.
- (4) The department may also accept for compliance purposes offset credits from developing countries in accordance with the clean development mechanism of the Kyoto protocol or if the clean development mechanism is replaced, a protocol developed by the department. The department may develop criteria for these offset projects to ensure similar rigor to offset projects within the state.
- (5) Any offset credit that is used to meet a compliance obligation must conform to the rules adopted by the department, which must be consistent with the regional cap-and-trade program.

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1 (6) Upon receipt by the department of an offset credit to meet a 2 compliance obligation, the department shall retire the offset credit.

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- (7) The department shall ensure that all offset credits that it issues are tracked to ensure that the department knows who holds a given offset credit and when it is retired.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 13. FINANCIAL INCENTIVES FOR FORESTRY. The department of ecology, in consultation with the forest practices board, the department of natural resources, and the forest carbon working group, shall develop and deliver to the legislature by December 31, 2010, legislation to implement a financial incentives program for forestry and forest products that will recognize activities such as:
- (1) Forest landowners maintaining and actively managing their forestland using management activities such as thinning, lengthening of rotations, increased retention of trees at harvest, fertilization, genetics, timber stand improvement, and fire management;
  - (2) Forest landowners continuing the production of wood products while maintaining or increasing their carbon stocks on the ground;
- (3) Retention by forest landowners of high carbon stocks where there is no obligation to retain such stocks; and
- 20 (4) The use by developers and builders of wood building materials 21 instead of more intensive fossil fuel products such as concrete and 22 steel.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 14. FORESTRY OFFSET POLICY. The department of in consultation with the forest practices board, ecology, the department of natural resources, and the forest carbon working group, shall develop the state's policy for forestry offset projects within The agencies and the working group shall use the 2008 report of the forest carbon working group as the starting point in developing the policy. A report on the progress of the development of this policy, including any preliminary drafts of the policy, must be submitted to the legislature for review by December 31, 2010. The final policy must be completed by December 31, 2011, unless the department notifies the agencies and working group that the policy is needed sooner in order to present it to the western climate initiative as required in section 12(1) of this act. The public must be provided

with the opportunity to review and comment on the policy as it is developed. The policy must include:

- (1) Specific standards and guidelines that will support carbon accounting in managed forests participating in an offset program;
- (2) How to ensure that any carbon that is reduced or sequestered by a forestry offset project will be eligible for an offset credit within the regional cap-and-trade program;
- (3) Recognition of management activities that increase carbon stocks, including but not limited to, thinning, lengthening rotations, increased retention of trees after harvest, fertilization, genetics, timber stand improvement, fire management, and specific site class and productivity of a managed forest;
- (4) Specific standards and guidelines to support wood products accounting, recognizing that carbon is stored in products after trees are harvested including the use of the one hundred year method which estimates the amount of carbon stored in the wood products that are projected to remain in use after one hundred years;
- (5) Guidelines on how forestry offset projects and forestry financial incentive programs can work together so that Washington's forest landowners will not be disadvantaged in comparison to other jurisdictions participating in the regional cap-and-trade program; and
- 22 (6) Recommendations for how to verify or certify carbon stocks that 23 will not be administratively burdensome.
  - NEW SECTION. Sec. 15. COMPLIANCE AND ENFORCEMENT. (1) Persons with emissions covered under section 9 of this act who have a compliance obligation shall submit to the department allowances, offset credits, or a combination thereof equal to their total covered emissions of greenhouse gases during the compliance period.
  - (2) Compliance periods are a maximum of three years in length. The department shall by rule establish the date by which all allowances and offset credits must be turned in to the agency to meet the compliance obligation, which must be after the compliance period ends. The department may by rule allow for turning in allowances prior to the end of a compliance period.
  - (3) For purposes of meeting a compliance obligation, the department shall limit by rule the number of offset credits that may be submitted. The limitation on the use of offsets must be consistent with the

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limitation on offsets established by the regional cap-and-trade program. The department may limit by rule the number of allowances from other jurisdictions outside of those participating in the program in order to ensure that a majority of emission reductions come from within the jurisdictions participating in the regional cap-and-trade program.

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- (4) If sufficient allowances are not turned in to meet the compliance obligation, a penalty of three allowances must be submitted for every one allowance that is due. When a person covered under the program reasonably believes that it will be unable to meet a compliance obligation, the person shall immediately notify the department. The department shall issue an order requiring the person to submit the penalty allowances. Failure to submit penalty allowances as required by this subsection results in a penalty of up to five thousand dollars for each penalty allowance that is not submitted.
- (5) The department may issue penalties for failure to comply, and orders to require compliance, with the provisions of this chapter including requiring compliance plans. Except as provided in subsection (4) of this section, any person who violates the terms of this chapter or an order issued under this section incurs a penalty of up to ten thousand dollars per day per violation for each day that the person has not complied.
- (6) Appeals of orders and penalties issued under this chapter must be to the pollution control hearings board under chapter 43.21B RCW.
- (7) The department may exercise its discretion to waive or issue reduced penalties based upon criteria it establishes if the department finds that the violation was inadvertent. Penalties issued under this section or under RCW 70.94.151 are not paperwork violations as defined in chapter . . . (Senate Bill No. 5042), Laws of 2009 nor are they subject to the requirements of chapter 43.05 RCW.
- 31 NEW SECTION. Sec. 16. DEDICATED FUND. The climate protection 32 account is created in the state treasury. All receipts from auction of allowances, penalties paid under section 15 of this act, and other 33 34 moneys directed to the account by the legislature must be deposited 35 into the account. Moneys in the account may be spent only after 36 appropriation. Expenditures from the account may be used only for 37 reasonable administrative costs to develop, implement, and enforce the

- program, including Washington's share of any necessary and reasonable costs of the regional organization described in section 17 of this act. Additionally, moneys from the account may only be expended for the following purposes, which are listed in order of priority:
  - (1) Reducing price impacts for consumers with incomes within two hundred fifty percent of the federal poverty level;

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- (2) Strategies to create jobs and provide for worker transition, especially in and for those communities and workers that have been disproportionately affected by economic downturns, through efforts to reduce emissions, reduce energy use, and develop clean energy supplies;
- (3) Supporting transit and transportation projects that will reduce greenhouse gas emissions;
- (4) Energy efficiency and renewable energy incentives including matching electric utility sponsored programs that support customer energy efficiency investment, new renewable energy resource development, including related transmission, energy storage, and integration technologies;
- (5) Promoting emission reductions and carbon sequestration in agriculture, forestry, waste management, and other uncapped sectors;
- (6) Efforts funded by local governments to reduce community greenhouse gas emissions except for reductions to covered emissions where the local government is the person with the compliance obligation;
- (7) Recognizing early actions to reduce greenhouse gas emissions where those actions do not qualify for early reduction allowances;
- (8) Adaptation to climate change impacts, including impacts on affected species, habitats, and communities; and
- 28 (9) Research, development, demonstrations, and deployment of 29 technology to reduce greenhouse gas emissions.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 17. REGIONAL ORGANIZATION. (1) The director is authorized to enter into an agreement with representatives of other jurisdictions within the capped region for the formation of an organization, including a nonprofit corporation that may carry out the following administrative functions:
  - (a) Coordination of a regional auction of allowances;
- 36 (b) Tracking of emissions and providing of public information about 37 progress towards the regional greenhouse gas reduction goals;

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(c) Monitoring and reporting on market activity, including 1 2 potential market manipulation;

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- (d) Serving as a forum for jurisdictions within the capped region to update one another on program progress;
  - (e) Coordination of review and adoption of protocols for offsets;
- (f) Coordination of review and adoption of updated reporting protocols for greenhouse gas emissions;
  - (g) Coordination of review and issuance of offset credits; and
- (h) Suggesting criteria and means to accredit service providers to 10 deliver validation and verification services.
  - (2) Any agreement entered into under this section must include provisions for Washington to exercise oversight of the organization, including authority to audit the organization's finances and records. The agreement must also authorize Washington to withdraw from the agreement without penalty if the organization fails to meet its obligations under the agreement.
  - (3) An organization formed under this section is not a state agency and has no regulatory or enforcement authority.
  - (4) Nothing in this chapter may be deemed to constitute a waiver of Washington's sovereign immunity. By entering into any agreement or arrangement authorized under this section, neither the director nor the director's designees nor Washington consents to suit outside of Washington or consents to the governance of such suit under any law other than that of Washington.
  - NEW SECTION. Sec. 18. COORDINATED RELEASE OF INFORMATION. The department shall compile and post for public information annual summaries of greenhouse gas emissions covered by the program. In order to limit price volatility and prevent manipulation of the market, public posting of the summaries and underlying data may be subject to a temporary embargo by the department prior to a common posting schedule developed in coordination with other jurisdictions participating in the regional cap-and-trade program. Prior to the common posting date, the summaries and underlying data are exempt from public disclosure under chapter 42.56 RCW.
- 35 NEW SECTION. Sec. 19. RULE-MAKING AUTHORITY. (1) The department 36 shall adopt rules to implement this chapter. The rules must include

- all requirements of this chapter and require that Washington's participation in the regional cap-and-trade program begin January 1, 2012. The rules must be developed in coordination with other jurisdictions participating in the western climate initiative and be consistent with the regional cap-and-trade program.
- 6 (2) The department's rules must be adopted December 31, 2010. The 7 rules may not go into effect until June 1, 2011, and after approval of 8 the governor.
- 9 NEW SECTION. Sec. 20. FEDERAL CAP-AND-TRADE PROGRAM. The department may modify or repeal the rules developed under this chapter 10 11 as necessary to link to, avoid duplication with, or participate in a 12 federal cap-and-trade program. The department may use the process for 13 expedited rule making under RCW 34.05.353. If the federal program 14 establishes the percentage of allowance that are auctioned and if the 15 federal program allows regional programs to continue to operate, the 16 state must be consistent with the federal auction percentage.
- 17 NEW SECTION. Sec. 21. ECONOMIC EMERGENCIES. (1) The governor is authorized to issue an order to delay the start of the program 18 19 authorized under this act, delay the inclusion of additional sectors as 20 currently authorized under section 9 of this act, or otherwise suspend 21 the program to address economic emergencies for up to one year for each 22 order issued. The governor shall, within ten days of invoking this 23 section, provide written notification to the legislature of the action 24 undertaken. The director shall provide a similar notice to the head of 25 the environmental agencies in each jurisdiction participating in the 26 regional cap-and-trade program.
- 27 (2) Nothing in this section affects the powers and duties 28 established in Article III of the state Constitution or chapters 38.52 29 and 43.06 RCW.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 22. TRIBAL GOVERNMENTS. (1) The department must consult with tribal governments upon request on any elements of the program that may impact tribal governments such as their voluntary development of offset projects.
- 34 (2) Nothing in this act is intended to expand state authority over 35 Indian country as that term is defined in 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1151.

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**Sec. 23.** RCW 70.235.030 and 2008 c 14 s 4 are each amended to read 2 as follows:

- (1)(a) The director shall develop, in coordination with the western climate initiative, a design for a regional multisector market-based system to limit and reduce emissions of greenhouse gas consistent with the emission reductions established in RCW 70.235.020(1).
- (b) By December 1, 2008, the director and the director of the department of community, trade, and economic development shall deliver to the legislature specific recommendations for approval and request for authority to implement the preferred design of a regional multisector market-based system in (a) of this subsection. These recommendations must include:
- (i) Proposed legislation, necessary funding, and the schedule necessary to implement the preferred design by January 1, 2012;
  - (ii) Any changes determined necessary to the reporting requirements established under RCW 70.94.151; and
  - (iii) Actions that the state should take to prevent manipulation of the multisector market-based system designed under this section.
  - (2) In developing the design for the regional multisector market-based system under subsection (1) of this section, the department shall consult with the affected state agencies, and provide opportunity for public review and comment.
  - (3) In addition to the information required under subsection (1)(b) of this section, the director and the director of the department of community, trade, and economic development shall submit the following to the legislature by December 1, 2008:
  - (a) Information on progress to date in achieving the requirements of chapter 14, Laws of 2008;
  - (b) The final recommendations of the climate advisory team, including recommended most promising actions to reduce emissions of greenhouse gases or otherwise respond to climate change. These recommendations must include strategies to reduce the quantity of emissions of greenhouse gases per distance traveled in the transportation sector;
- (c) A request for additional resources and statutory authority needed to limit and reduce emissions of greenhouse gas consistent with chapter 14, Laws of 2008 including implementation of the most promising recommendations of the climate advisory team;

- (d) Recommendations on how projects funded by the green energy incentive account in RCW 43.325.040 may be used to expand the electrical transmission infrastructure into urban and rural areas of the state for purposes of allowing the recharging of plug-in hybrid electric vehicles;
- (e) Recommendations on how local governments could participate in the multisector market-based system designed under subsection (1) of this section;
- (f) Recommendations regarding the circumstances under which generation of electricity or alternative fuel from landfill gas and gas from anaerobic digesters may receive an offset or credit in the regional multisector market-based system or other strategies developed by the department; and
- (g) Recommendations developed in consultation with the department of natural resources and the department of agriculture with the climate advisory team, the college of forest resources at the University of Washington, and the Washington State University, and a nonprofit consortium involved in research on renewable industrial materials, regarding how forestry and agricultural lands and practices may participate voluntarily as an offset or other credit program in the regional multisector market-based system. The recommendations must ensure that the baseline for this offset or credit program does not disadvantage this state in relation to another state or states. These recommendations shall address:
- (i) Commercial and other working forests, including accounting for site-class specific forest management practices;
- (ii) Agricultural and forest products, including accounting for substitution of wood for fossil intensive substitutes;
  - (iii) Agricultural land and practices;
- 30 (iv) Forest and agricultural lands set aside or managed for 31 conservation as of, or after, June 12, 2008; and
  - (v) Reforestation and afforestation projects.
- 33 (4) This section expires May 1, 2012.

- **Sec. 24.** RCW 70.94.151 and 2008 c 14 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:
- 36 (1) The board of any activated authority or the department, may 37 classify air contaminant sources, by ordinance, resolution, rule or

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regulation, which in its judgment may cause or contribute to air pollution, according to levels and types of emissions and other characteristics which cause or contribute to air pollution, and may require registration or reporting or both for any such class or classes. Classifications made pursuant to this section may be for application to the area of jurisdiction of such authority, or the state as a whole or to any designated area within the jurisdiction, and shall be made with special reference to effects on health, economic and social factors, and physical effects on property.

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(2) Except as provided in subsection (3) of this section, any person operating or responsible for the operation of air contaminant sources of any class for which the ordinances, resolutions, rules or regulations of the department or board of the authority, require registration or reporting shall register therewith and make reports containing information as may be required by such department or board concerning location, size and height of contaminant outlets, processes employed, nature of the contaminant emission and such other information as is relevant to air pollution and available or reasonably capable of In the case of emissions of greenhouse gases as being assembled. defined in RCW 70.235.010 the department shall adopt rules requiring reporting of those emissions. The department or board may require that such registration or reporting be accompanied by a fee, and may determine the amount of such fee for such class or classes: PROVIDED, That the amount of the fee shall only be to compensate for the costs of administering such registration or reporting program which shall be defined as initial registration and annual or other periodic reports from the source owner providing information directly related to air pollution registration, on-site inspections necessary to verify compliance with registration requirements, data storage and retrieval systems necessary for support of the registration program, emission inventory reports and emission reduction credits computed from information provided by sources pursuant to registration program requirements, staff review, including engineering or other reliable analysis for accuracy and currentness, of information provided by sources pursuant to registration program requirements, clerical and other office support provided in direct furtherance of the registration program, and administrative support provided in directly carrying out the registration program: PROVIDED FURTHER, That any such registration

made with either the board or the department shall preclude a further registration and reporting with any other board or the department, except that emissions of greenhouse gases as defined in RCW 70.235.010 must be reported as required under subsection (5) of this section.

All registration program and reporting fees collected by the department shall be deposited in the air pollution control account. All registration program fees collected by the local air authorities shall be deposited in their respective treasuries.

(3) If a registration or report has been filed for a grain warehouse or grain elevator as required under this section, registration, reporting, or a registration program fee shall not, after January 1, 1997, again be required under this section for the warehouse or elevator unless the capacity of the warehouse or elevator as listed as part of the license issued for the facility has been increased since the date the registration or reporting was last made. If the capacity of the warehouse or elevator listed as part of the license is increased, any registration or reporting required for the warehouse or elevator under this section must be made by the date the warehouse or elevator receives grain from the first harvest season that occurs after the increase in its capacity is listed in the license.

This subsection does not apply to a grain warehouse or grain elevator if the warehouse or elevator handles more than ten million bushels of grain annually.

- (4) For the purposes of subsection (3) of this section:
- (a) A "grain warehouse" or "grain elevator" is an establishment classified in standard industrial classification (SIC) code 5153 for wholesale trade for which a license is required and includes, but is not limited to, such a licensed facility that also conducts cleaning operations for grain;
- (b) A "license" is a license issued by the department of agriculture licensing a facility as a grain warehouse or grain elevator under chapter 22.09 RCW or a license issued by the federal government licensing a facility as a grain warehouse or grain elevator for purposes similar to those of licensure for the facility under chapter 22.09 RCW; and
  - (c) "Grain" means a grain or a pulse.
- 37 (5)(a) The department shall adopt rules requiring the reporting of 38 emissions of greenhouse gases as defined in RCW 70.235.010. The rules

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must include a de minimis amount of emissions below which reporting will not be required for both indirect and direct emissions. The rules must require that emissions of greenhouse gases resulting from the burning of fossil fuels be reported separately from emissions of greenhouse gases resulting from the burning of biomass.

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(b) Except as provided in  $((\frac{b}{b}))$  of this subsection, the department shall, under the authority granted in subsection (1) of this section, adopt rules requiring: (i) Any owner or operator((:::(i))) of a fleet of on-road motor vehicles that as a fleet emit at least twentyfive hundred metric tons of greenhouse gas annually in the state to report the emissions of greenhouse gases generated from or emitted by that fleet; ((<del>or</del>)) and (ii) any owner or operator of a source or combination of sources that emit at least ten thousand metric tons of greenhouse gas annually in the state to report their total annual emissions of greenhouse gases; (iii) the importer, seller, deliverer, or distributor of fuels for use in Washington where the annual emissions in the state associated with the combustion of the fuel delivered equal or exceed ten thousand metric tons of greenhouse gas to report the emissions of greenhouse gases associated with the combustion of those fuels; and (iv) the importer, seller, deliverer, or distributor of electricity from outside Washington for consumption in Washington to report the emissions of greenhouse gases associated with the generation of the electricity delivered into the state where the annual emissions associated with electricity equal or exceed ten thousand metric tons of greenhouse gas. Reporting required in (b)(i) and (ii) of this subsection must begin in 2010 for emissions in 2009. Reporting required in (b)(iii) and (iv) of this subsection must begin in 2011 for emissions in 2010. The department must adopt a rule to require that the person in (b)(iii) and (iv) of this subsection who must report is consistent with the person with the compliance obligation under the cap-and-trade program established under chapter 70.235 RCW. The rules must also require that emissions from electricity generation within the state be reported separately from emissions from electricity generation located outside the state.

(c) In calculating emissions of greenhouse gases for purposes of determining whether or not reporting is required, only direct emissions shall be included. For purposes of reporting emissions of greenhouse gases in chapter 14, Laws of 2008, "source" means any stationary source

as defined in RCW 70.94.030, or mobile source used for transportation of people or cargo. The emissions of greenhouse gases must be reported as carbon dioxide equivalents.

- (d) The rules must require that persons report 2009 emissions starting in 2010. The rules must establish an annual reporting schedule that takes into account the time needed to allow the owner or operator reporting emissions of greenhouse gases to gather the information needed and to verify the emissions being reported. However, in no event may reports be submitted later than October 31st of the year in which the report is due.
- (e) The department may phase in the reporting requirements for sources or combinations of sources under  $((\frac{1}{4}))$  (b)(ii) of this subsection until the reporting threshold is met, which must be met by January 1, 2012. The department may from time to time amend the rules to include other persons that emit less than the annual greenhouse gas emissions levels set out in this subsection if necessary to comply with any federal reporting requirements for emissions of greenhouse gases.
- ((\(\frac{(b)}{(b)}\)) (f) In its rules, the department may defer the reporting requirement under (a) of this subsection for emissions associated with interstate and international commercial aircraft, rail, truck, or marine vessels until (i) there is a federal requirement to report these emissions; or (ii) the department finds that there is a generally accepted reporting protocol for determining interstate emissions from these sources.
- $((\frac{c}{c}))$  (g) The department shall share any reporting information reported to it with the local air authority in which the owner or operator reporting under the rules adopted by the department operates.
- ((\(\frac{(d)}{(d)}\)) (h) The fee provisions in subsection (2) of this section apply to reporting of emissions of greenhouse gases. Owners and operators required to report under (a) of this subsection who fail to report or pay the fee required in subsection (2) of this section are subject to enforcement penalties under this chapter. The department shall enforce the reporting rule requirements unless it approves a local air authority's request to enforce the requirements for sources operating within the authority's jurisdiction.
- $((\frac{e}{e}))$  <u>(i)</u> The energy facility site evaluation council shall, simultaneously with the department, adopt rules that impose greenhouse gas reporting requirements in site certifications on owners or

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operators of a facility permitted by the energy facility site evaluation council. The greenhouse gas reporting requirements imposed by the energy facility site evaluation council must be the same as the greenhouse gas reporting requirements imposed by the department. The department shall share any information reported to it from facilities permitted by the energy facility site evaluation council with the council, including notice of a facility that has failed to report as required. The energy facility site evaluation council shall contract with the department to monitor the reporting requirements adopted under this section.

((f)) (j) In developing its rules, the department shall, with the assistance of the department of transportation, identify a mechanism to report an aggregate estimate of the annual emissions of greenhouse gases generated from or emitted by otherwise unreported on-road motor vehicles.

 $((\frac{g}{g}))$  (k) The inclusion or failure to include any person, source, classes of persons or sources, or types of emissions of greenhouse gases into the department's rules for reporting under this section does not indicate whether such a person, source, or category is appropriate for inclusion in the multisector market-based system designed under RCW 70.235.020.

((\(\frac{(h)}{(h)}\)) (1) Should the federal government adopt rules sufficient to track progress toward the emissions reductions required by chapter 14, Laws of 2008 governing the reporting of greenhouse gases, the department shall amend its rules, as necessary, to seek consistency with the federal rules to ensure duplicate reporting is not required. Nothing in this section requires the department to increase the reporting threshold established in (a) of this subsection or otherwise require the department's rules be identical to the federal rules in scope.

 $((\frac{1}{2}))$  (m) The definitions in RCW 70.235.010 apply throughout this subsection (5) unless the context clearly requires otherwise. However, for the purposes of this subsection (5), the term "person" has the same meaning as defined in RCW 70.94.030.

(n) For violations of this subsection (5), in addition to other enforcement authority under this chapter, the department may issue penalties of up to ten thousand dollars per day per violation for each

- 1 <u>day that emissions are not reported beyond the deadline to report</u>
- 2 <u>established by rule.</u>

- **Sec. 25.** RCW 43.21B.110 and 2003 c 393 s 19 are each amended to 4 read as follows:
  - (1) The hearings board shall only have jurisdiction to hear and decide appeals from the following decisions of the department, the director, local conservation districts, and the air pollution control boards or authorities as established pursuant to chapter 70.94 RCW, or local health departments:
- 10 (a) Civil penalties imposed pursuant to RCW 18.104.155, 70.94.431, 70.105.080, 70.107.050, 88.46.090, 90.03.600, 90.48.144, 90.56.310, ((and)) 90.56.330, and chapter 70.235 RCW.
- 13 (b) Orders issued pursuant to RCW 18.104.043, 18.104.060, 14 43.27A.190, 70.94.211, 70.94.332, 70.105.095, 86.16.020, 88.46.070, 15 90.14.130, 90.48.120, ((and)) 90.56.330, and chapter 70.235 RCW.
  - (c) Except as provided in RCW 90.03.210(2), the issuance, modification, or termination of any permit, certificate, or license by the department or any air authority in the exercise of its jurisdiction, including the issuance or termination of a waste disposal permit, the denial of an application for a waste disposal permit, the modification of the conditions or the terms of a waste disposal permit, or a decision to approve or deny an application for a solid waste permit exemption under RCW 70.95.300.
  - (d) Decisions of local health departments regarding the grant or denial of solid waste permits pursuant to chapter 70.95 RCW.
  - (e) Decisions of local health departments regarding the issuance and enforcement of permits to use or dispose of biosolids under RCW 70.95J.080.
  - (f) Decisions of the department regarding waste-derived fertilizer or micronutrient fertilizer under RCW 15.54.820, and decisions of the department regarding waste-derived soil amendments under RCW 70.95.205.
  - (g) Decisions of local conservation districts related to the denial of approval or denial of certification of a dairy nutrient management plan; conditions contained in a plan; application of any dairy nutrient management practices, standards, methods, and technologies to a particular dairy farm; and failure to adhere to the plan review and approval timelines in RCW 90.64.026.

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- 1 (h) Any other decision by the department or an air authority which 2 pursuant to law must be decided as an adjudicative proceeding under 3 chapter 34.05 RCW.
- 4 (2) The following hearings shall not be conducted by the hearings 5 board:
- 6 (a) Hearings required by law to be conducted by the shorelines 7 hearings board pursuant to chapter 90.58 RCW.
- 8 (b) Hearings conducted by the department pursuant to RCW 70.94.332, 70.94.390, 70.94.395, 70.94.400, 70.94.405, 70.94.410, and 90.44.180.
- 10 (c) Proceedings conducted by the department, or the department's designee, under RCW 90.03.160 through 90.03.210 or 90.44.220.
- 12 (d) Hearings conducted by the department to adopt, modify, or 13 repeal rules.
- 14 (e) Appeals of decisions by the department as provided in chapter 15 43.21L RCW.
- 16 (3) Review of rules and regulations adopted by the hearings board 17 shall be subject to review in accordance with the provisions of the 18 Administrative Procedure Act, chapter 34.05 RCW.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 26. Sections 3, 4, 6 through 12 and 15 through 20 22 this act are each added to chapter 70.235 RCW.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 27. Captions used in this act are not any part of the law.

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